

# **FDA Guidance on Elemental Impurities in Drug Products**

**Pallavi Nithyanandan, PhD**

**Branch Chief (Acting)**

**Compendial Operations and Standards Branch  
Office of Policy for Pharmaceutical Quality/OPQ**

**Center for Drug Evaluation and Research**

**United States Food and Drug Administration**

**September 29, 2016**

# Outline

- Elemental Impurities: Basics
- ICH Q3D and USP <232>: Notable Differences
- ICH Q3D and USP <232>, <233> Implementation: FDA Expectations and Timelines
- FDA/CDER viewpoint on recent USP proposals



# FDA Elemental Impurities WG

## Members:

John Smith (retired)

Danae Christodoulou

John Kauffmann (ICH rapporteur)

Pallavi Nithyanandan

Frank Holcombe

Yana Mille

Matthew Vera

John Bishop III (CBER)

## **OPPQ Policy Oversight:**

Ashley Boam

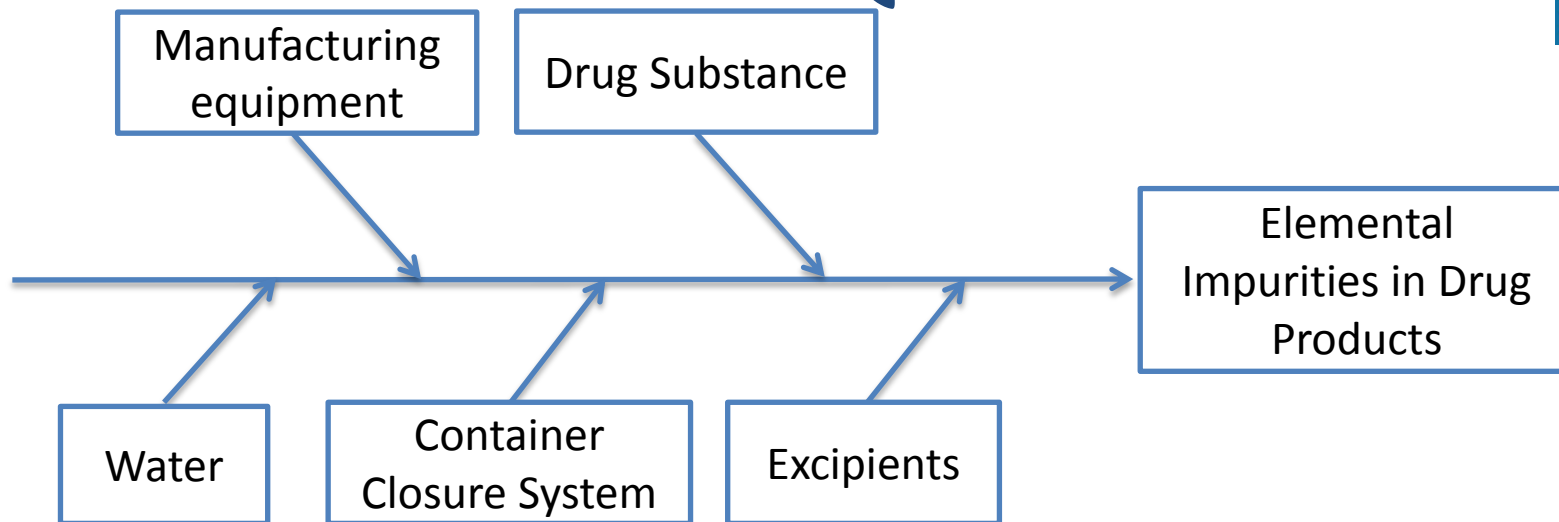
## **Support:**

Ellen McLaughlin

Rogelio Ruvalcaba

# Elemental Impurities - Basics

# ICH Q3D



- Establishes Permitted Daily Exposures (PDEs) for 24 elements for Oral, Inhalation and Parenteral Routes. Concepts can be applied to other routes.
- Concepts can be used for other routes of administration.
- Training modules provide further guidance on calculations and risk assessment.
- Four calculation options for converting PDEs to concentrations
  - **Options 1 and 2a** include calculations based on individual component contributions.
  - **Excipient CoA and evaluations can provide valuable information to overall risk assessment and control strategy.**

# USP <232>, <233>

- Applicable to all articles that are the subject of a USP or NF monograph (official articles)
- Establishes Permitted Daily Exposures (PDEs)
- Provides analytical methods and validation criteria
- Made applicable through USP General Notices Section **5.60.30 Elemental Impurities in USP Drug Products and Dietary Supplements** (similar to Residual Solvents)



# Notable Differences between ICH Q3D and USP Elemental Impurities Chapters

Notable Differences between ICH Q3D and USP <232>, <233>:

| ICH Q3D  | USP <232>, <233>  |
|--|---|
| Guideline  | Enforceable standards   |
| Includes 24 elements   | Currently includes 15 elements (Not included: Ti, Au, Se, Co, Ba, Sn, Li, Sb, Ag)<br><b><i>Upcoming revision to include all 24 elements</i></b> |
| Analytical methods not provided (delegated to pharmacopeias) | Provides analytical methods and validation criteria   |
| Includes Total Parenteral Nutrition (TPN) products           | Excludes Total Parenteral Nutrition (TPN) products  |



# **FDA Draft Guidance on Elemental Impurities in Drug Products**



# Filing/Documentation Recommendations for Risk Assessment

| Product type  | Documentation   |
|---|---|
| New NDA/ANDA*   | Summary of risk assessment in CTD Module P.2 Pharmaceutical Development                             |
| Approved NDA/ANDA*  | Summary of risk assessment in next annual report  |
| Products not approved as NDA or ANDA (for example non-application OTC products) | Include risk assessment in the documentation maintained at the manufacturing site for agency review |

\* State in cover letter regarding the inclusion of risk assessment. Maintain in Pharmaceutical Quality System complete and detailed risk assessment document to support dossier summary.

# Implementation timelines

## **ICH Q3D will be effective for existing products**

- New NDA/ANDA effective June 01, 2016
- Existing products effective January 01, 2018

## **USP <232>, <233>**

- On January 1, 2018
  - <231> Heavy Metals will be deleted
  - <232> Elemental Impurities- Limits, and, <233> Elemental Impurities- Procedures will reach official implementation date

# Early Adoption

**FDA supports and encourages early adoption of ICH Q3D and USP General Chapters <232> and <233> prior to implementation date:**

- ICH Q3D and General Chapters <232> and <233> provide significant improvements over existing approaches
- If adopted, compendial products are not expected to demonstrate compliance with General Chapter <231>



# FDA/CDER viewpoint on Validation of Analytical Methods

- USP <233> describes two procedures (ICP-MS and ICP-OES) and provides validation criteria for analytical methods.
- Any selected method must be demonstrated to be suitable for intended purpose (See 21 CFR 211.194(a)(2)).
- If methods other than ICP-MS and ICP-OES are used cross-validation with the ICP methods is not required.
- FDA participates in the Pharmacopeial Discussion Group for harmonization between USP, EP and JP

## Other Considerations

- Lower limits may be needed for certain products based on safety concerns.
- If a product has challenges to meet ICH Q3D and/or USP <232>, <233>
  - For NDA/ANDA: Contact the respective review division
  - For FDA Monograph OTC products: Contact the Division of Non-Prescription Drug Products
- Inter-disciplinary review will be conducted to assess the impact on patient safety.



# **FDA Viewpoint on Recent USP Stimuli Articles**



# FDA/CDER Viewpoint on the Exclusion of Total Parenteral Nutrition Products from <232>

**USP *Stimuli Article* in PF 41.4, and 42.2 revisions to <232>:**

- USP excludes TPNs from <232> but ICH Q3D includes TPNs.
- Stimuli Article in PF 41.4 explains the reasons behind USP's decision to exclude TPNs from the scope of <232>.
- ***Important to note that FDA intends to apply the ICH Q3D guidelines to TPNs.***

# FDA/CDER Viewpoint on USP Plans for Element-Specific General Chapters

## USP *Stimuli Article* in PF 42.4:

- CDER supports USP's plans for element specific chapters as outlined in this Stimuli Article.
  - Rely on <233> Elemental Impurities -- Procedures for the analytical testing procedures rather than using the procedures in element specific chapters.
  - Align the specific elemental impurities limits with <232> unless there is a known quality- or safety-reason to maintain a specific elemental impurity limit.
- We recommend that USP engage in a careful study of the impact of revisions by experts (including FDA, USP and Industry) to determine which monographs qualify for an exception from the <232> limits.
- Also evaluate other USP General Chapters that refer to the element-specific chapters.

**Element-specific Limits in Individual Monographs:** Thorough evaluation by experts is recommended.



# References

- FDA Guidance on Elemental Impurities in Drug Products  
<http://www.fda.gov/downloads/Drugs/GuidanceComplianceRegulatoryInformation/Guidances/UCM509432.pdf>
- ICH Q3D training modules  
<http://www.ich.org/products/guidelines/quality/article/quality-guidelines.html#3-5>
- Recording of ICH Q3D Regional Workshop held at FDA in August 2016  
<http://www.fda.gov/Drugs/NewsEvents/ucm498553.htm>
- <http://www.usp.org/usp-nf/key-issues/elemental-impurities>



*Thank You!*